Betriebsanleitung • Operating Instructions

Translation of the Original Operating Instructions



Diaphragm Pumps

MVP 040-2, MVP 070-3/3C



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About this manual 1

1.1 Validity

This operating manual is for customers of Pfeiffer Vacuum. It describes the functioning of the designated product and provides the most important information for safe use of the unit. The description follows applicable EU guidelines. All information provided in this operating manual refer to the current state of the product's development. The documentation remains valid as long as the customer does not make any changes to the product.

Up-to-date operating instructions can also be downloaded from www.pfeiffer-vacuum.net.

Applicable docu-

ments

MVP 040-2, MVP 070-3/3C	Operating instructions
Safety information for vacuum pumps "Safety Guide"	PT 0300 BN*
Declaration of Conformity	Part of this document
Operating instructions for accessories (order-specifically)	see section "accessories"*
*also available via www.pfoiffer.vacuum.pot	÷

also available via www.pfeiffer-vacuum.net

For information about other certifications, if applicable, please see the signet on the pump or:

- www.tuvdotcom.com
- TUVdotCOM-ID 0000021320

1.2 Conventions

Safety instructions

The safety instructions in Pfeiffer Vacuum operating manuals are the result of risk evaluations and hazard analyses and are oriented on international certification standards as specified by UL, CSA, ANSI Z-535, Semi-S1, ISO 3864 and DIN 4844. In this document, the following hazard levels and information are considered:

	DANGER
Immediate danger	
Death or very severe injuries occur.	

WARNING

Possible danger

Death or injuries may occur.

CAUTION

Possible danger

Medium to slight injuries may occur.

NOTE

Command or note

Command to perform an action or information about properties, the disregarding of which may result in damage to the product.

Pictograph definitions	Prohibition of an action or activity in connection with a source of danger, the disregarding of which may result in serious accidents.	
	Warning of a displayed source of danger in connection with operation of the unit or equipment.	
	Command to perform an action or task associated with a source of danger, the disregarding of which may result in serious accidents.	
Instructions in the text	→ Work instruction: here you have to do something.	
Abbreviations used	C version: Corrosive gas version	
Symbols used	 The following symbols are used consistently throughout in all illustrations: Vacuum connection Exhaust Gas ballast valve Power connection 	

2 Safety

2.1 Safety precautions



Duty to inform

Each person involved in the installation, operation or maintenance of the vacuum pump must read and observe the safety-related parts of these operating instructions.

NOTE

- ➔ The operator is obligated to make operating personnel aware of dangers originating from the vacuum pump, the pumped medium and the entire system.
- Before pumping dangerous, corrosive or environmentally hazardous media, take suitable precautions:
 - Test the compatibility with substances in contact with the media.
 - Prevent the release of process gases and their reaction products and by-products or dispose of them according to the relevant regulations.
 - Safety measures (e.g. wearing protective clothing and safety goggles) to prevent inhalation and skin contact.
- Before pumping gases which could form ignitable mixtures, take suitable precautions:
 - By implementing the required safety measures, prevent potentially explosive mixtures from occurring in the housing and from being ignited in the event of a diaphragm crack by mechanically produced sparks, hot surfaces or static electricity.

- If necessary, use inert gas for gas ballast supply or ventilation.
- Connect the vacuum pump to a shockproof socket only.
 - Use only undamaged network cables which comply with the regulations.
- Make sure that the grounding is sufficient.
- Do not expose any body parts to the vacuum.
- Observe the safety and accident prevention regulations.
- Check regularly that all safety precautions are being complied with.
- Do not carry out any unauthorised modifications or conversions to the pumps.
- Depending on the operating and ambient conditions, the surface temperature of the pumps may rise above 70 °C. Use suitable finger guards if necessary.
- When returning the pumps to us please note the instructions in the Service section.

2.2 Proper use



NOTE

CE conformity The manufacturer's declaration of conformity becomes invalid if the operator modifies the original product or installs additional components.

- ➔ Following installation into a plant and before commissioning, the operator must check the entire system for compliance with the valid EU directives and reassess it accordingly.
- The vacuum pump may only be used to generate a vacuum.
- Installation, operating and maintenance regulations must be complied with.
- Other accessories than those described in this manual must not be used without the agreement of Pfeiffer Vacuum.
- When pumping gases which could form explosive or ignitable mixtures, take suitable precautions:
 - If necessary, connect inert gas for ventilation or gas ballast supply.

2.3 Improper use

Improper use will cause all claims for liability and guarantees to be forfeited. Improper use is deemed to be all use for purposes deviating from those mentioned above, especially:

- Pumping of corrosive gases (exception: pumps in C version).
- Pumping of explosive media.
- Operation of the pump in potentially explosive areas.
- Pumping of gases containing impurities such as particles, dusts and condensate; note the vapour compatibility levels of the pump.
- · Pumping of substances that tend to sublime.
- Use of the vacuum pump to generate pressure.
- Pumping of liquids.
- Connection to pumps or units which are not suitable for this purpose according to their operating instructions.
- Connection to units which have exposed voltage-carrying parts.

Improper use of the equipment automatically invalidates all warranty and liability claims.

3 Transport and storage

3.1 Transport

- → Remove the locking cap from the vacuum and fore-vacuum flange immediately before connecting!
- \rightarrow Use only the handles provided for that purpose to lift the pump.
 - Do not use the interhead connections on the top side of the pump to carry the pump.

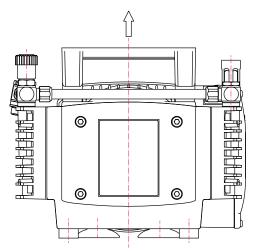


Fig. 1: Lifting and transporting the pump

3.2 Storage

- → Check that all the openings on the pump are securely closed.
- → Store the pump in a cool, dry place; preferably at room temperatures (approx. 20°C).
 - For a longer period of storage, seal the pump in a PE bag with drying agents enclosed.

4 Product description

4.1 Product identification

To correctly identify the product when communicating with Pfeiffer Vacuum, always have the information from the rating plate available.

- Pump model and model number
- Serial number
- Date of manufacture

Scope of delivery

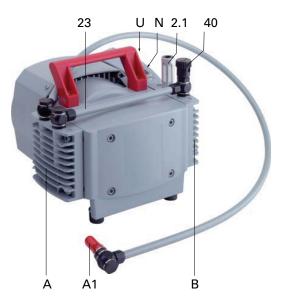
- Pump with mains power supply (switchable) via rubber socket
- Locking caps for vacuum and exhaust flange
- Operating manual

Differences between the pump versions

Pump type	Pump designs
	Standard version:
MVP 040-2	• G 1/4" elbow union with enclosed hose 10/8, 1000 mm with an elbow union in G 1/4" at the end
	Standard version:
MVP 070-3	- G 1/4" elbow union + enclosed hose 10/8, 1000 mm with a elbow union in G 1/4" at the end
MVP 070-3C	C version:
WW 070-3C	For DN 16 ISO-KF

4.2 Function

The diaphragm vacuum pumps of the series MVP 070-3 are three stage and those of the MVP 040-2 series are two stage, dry compressor vacuum pumps. The pumps are positive displacement pumps with a periodic change of size of the suction chamber produced by the movement of the diaphragm. The gas flow causes the valves to open and close automatically. The pump units are directly connected to the drive motor.



- A1 Vacuum connection
- 2.1 Exhaust (with silencer)
- A Diaphragm head 1
- B Diaphragm head 2
- N Power switch
- U Voltage selector switch
- 23 Hose connection
- 40 Gas ballast valve

Fig. 2: MVP 040-2



Fig. 3: MVP 070-3

- A1 Vacuum connection
- 2.1 Exhaust (with silencer)
- N Power switch
- U Voltage selector switch

Vacuum connection Exhaust Power switch Voltage selector switch Gas ballast valve

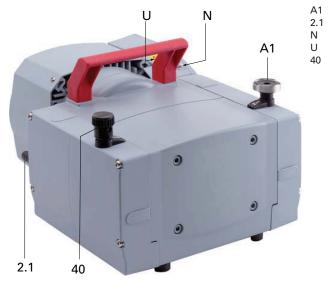


Fig. 4: MVP 070-3C

5 Installation

5.1 Setting up the pump

Installation location

Observe the following requirements when setting up the pump:

- Note the load-bearing capacity of the mounting surface.
- Maximum installation altitude 2000 m (above mean sea level)
- Permissible ambient temperature: +12 ... 40°C
- Maximum relative humidity 85%
- → Always place the pump on a firm, even surface.
 Where stationary installation is involved, anchor the pump on site.
- → When installing the pump in a closed housing, ensure there is sufficient air circulation.
 - Voltage and frequency information given on the motor rating plate must be visible.
 - If vacuum pump is installed above 1000 m above mean sea level check compatibillity with applicable safety requirements, e.g. DIN EN 61010 (motor may overheat due to insufficient cooling).

5.2 Connecting the vacuum side

- → Remove locking cap on intake connection and connect vacuum pump to the apparatus.
- The connection between the pump and the recipient should be kept as short as possible.
 - Depending on the pump type, use metallic hoses or PVC hoses with flange connections.
 - Separators, filters etc. may be installed upstream to protect the pump (see accessories). However, please observe the loss of pumping capacity due to the conductivity of the accessories.

5.3 Connecting the exhaust side



CAUTION

High pressure in the exhaust line!

Danger of damage to the seals and danger of the pump bursting.

- → Install the line without shut-off valves on the exhaust side.
- Pumpe nicht mit Überdruck am Einlass betreiben; max. zulässige Drücke und Druckdifferenzen beachten.
- → Choose the cross-section of the exhaust line to be at least the size of the nominal connection diameter of the vacuum pump's exhaust connection.
- → Piping to the pump must be suspended or supported.
 - Physical forces from the piping system must not be allowed to act on vacuum pumps.
- → Lay piping from the pump sloping downward so that no condensate can flow back into the pump; otherwise fit a condensate separator.
 - If an air trap is created in the system, then a device for draining condensation water must be provided at the lowest point.



WARNING

Emission of toxic substances from the exhaust!

Danger of poisoning from emitted gases or vapours, which can be detrimental to health and/or can pollute the environment, depending on the particular application.

- → Comply with the applicable regulations when working with toxic substances.
- ➔ Only officially approved filter systems may be used to separate and remove these substances.

5.4 Connecting to the mains power supply

The pump is driven by single-phase extended voltage range motors with reversible voltage ranges.



CAUTION

Excess voltage!

- Danger of destroying the motor.
- Power connections must comply with local regulations. Voltage and frequency information given on the motor rating plate must correspond to the mains voltage and frequency values.
- To protect the motor and supply cable in case of malfunction, mains fuse protection must be implemented.

Single phase motors

→ The mains voltage must be determined on-site each time before the pump is installed or moved to a different location.

NOTE



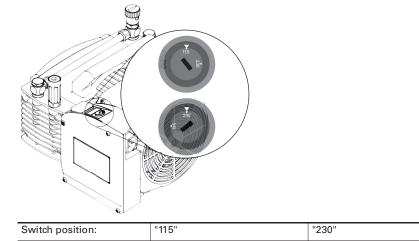
Overvoltage!

An incorrect voltage range setting can damage the motor.

- ➔ Disconnect the pump from the power supply.
- Only change the voltage range when the pump is disconnected from the power mains.

Changing the voltage range

- → Disconnect the pump from the power supply.
- → Set the desired voltage range on the voltage selector switch using a suitable screwdriver.



Voltage ranges:	100-115 V, 50/60 Hz, 120 V, 60 Hz	200-230 V, 50/60 Hz

Motor protection

A self-locking thermal winding protector switches off the pump motor in the event of overheating.

➔ Allow the pump to cool off several minutes and do not switch it back on until it has cooled off.

Connection of diaphragm pumps in the pumping station according wiring diagram in operating instructions PT 0030 BN of the Backing Pump Relay Boxes:

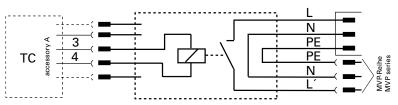


Fig. 5: Connection with relay box (PM 061 372-T/374-T) to TC 110/400

Intermittend operation with TC via relay box (accessory)

6 Operation

6.1 Before switching on the pump

- → Compare the voltage information on the rating plate with the mains voltage.
- → Check that the exhaust connection allows free flow (max. permissible pressure 1.1 bar absolute).
 - Activate the shut-off valves in such a way that they open before or at the same time as the pump is started.
- Protect the pump sufficiently from taking in contaminants by means of suitable precautions (e.g. dust filters).



CAUTION

Mixing up the connections leads to a dangerous overpressure overload in the pump, and the motor could be damaged.

- ➔ Before commissioning, it is imperative that you ensure that the pressure does rise above the maximum permissible pressure on the pressure side.
- → Start pumps at a maximum pressure differential of 1 bar between inlet and outlet.

6.2 Switching on the pump

The pump can be switched on in any pressure range.

Dangerous overpressure overload!

No special precautions are necessary when pumping dry gases. In order to attain the lowest possible final pressures, the gas ballast valve should be closed.

The pump attains the stated values for throughput rates and final pressure levels only once the operating temperature is reached (after approximately 15 minutes).

➔ Switch on the pump with the vacuum flange closed and allow to warm up for 15 minutes.



CAUTION

Danger of burns if hot parts are touched. Depending on the operating and ambient conditions, the surface temperature of the pump may rise above 70 °C.

 \rightarrow In this case, use suitable finger guards.

Hot surface!

6.3 Pumping condensable vapours

Should the process gases contain condensable gases present at high percentages, the vacuum pump must be operated with a gas ballast (i.e. with an open gas ballast valve).



WARNING

Reactive, explosive or otherwise dangerous mixtures!

Uncontrolled gas inlet at the gas ballast valve can result in dangerous mixtures.

By implementing the required safety measures, the user must prevent potentially explosive mixtures from occurring in the inside of the pump and from being ignited in the event of a diaphragm crack by mechanically produced sparks, hot surfaces or static electricity.

NOTE

 \rightarrow If necessary, use inert gas for ventilation and gas ballast supply.



Bad final vacuum and damage to the pump!

Danger of condensation and a reduced final vacuum during operation without a gas ballast or in case of insufficient supply of flushing gas.

- \rightarrow Only pump vapors when the pump is warm and the gas ballast value is open.
- ➔ When the process has been completed, allow the pump to continue running for about 30 minutes at atmospheric pressure with the gas ballast open.

Gas ballast valve

Letting in gas ballast improves the discharge of condensate, and the pump achieves the specified final vacuum more quickly.

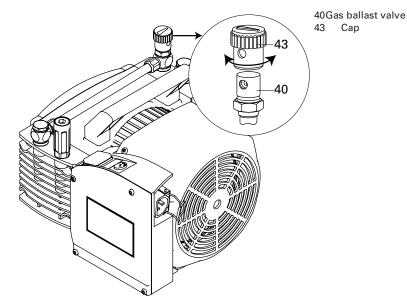


Fig. 6: Operation with gas ballast valve

➔ Open gas ballast valve; to do so, turn cap 43 on the gas ballast valve 40 so that the two holes line up.

6.4 Switching off

The pump can be switched off in any pressure range.

7 Maintenance

7.1 Precautions



WARNING

Pump parts may be contaminated from pumped media!

Danger of poisoning due to contact with harmful substances.

- \rightarrow Decontaminate the pump before carrying out any maintenance work.
- ➔ In the event of contamination, take suitable safety precautions to prevent your health from being harmed by any dangerous substances.

The valves and the diaphragms are wear parts. If the rated ultimate vacuum is no longer achieved, the pump interior, the diaphragms and the valves must be cleaned and the diaphragms and valves must be checked for cracks or other damage.

Depending on individual cases it may be efficient to check and clean the pump heads on a regular basis. In case of normal wear the lifetime of the diaphragms and valves is > 10000 operating hours.

- \rightarrow Allow the pump to cool to a safe temperature.
- → Only dismantle the pump as far as necessary in order to repair defects.
- → Use only alcohol or similar agents for cleaning pump parts.
- → Re-assemble pump in reverse order.



NOTE

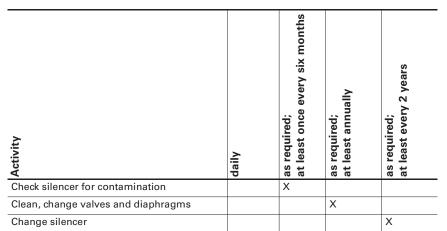
Service work should be carried out by qualified personal only!

Pfeiffer Vacuum is not liable for any damage to the pump resulting from work carried out improperly.

- Take advantage of our service training programs; additional information at www.pfeiffer-vacuum.net.
- ightarrow Please state all the information on the pump rating plate when ordering spare parts.

Checklist for inspection, maintenance and overhaul

Certain repair and overhaul work should only be performed by Pfeiffer Vacuum Service (PV). Pfeiffer Vacuum will be released from all warranty and liability claims if the required intervals for inspection, maintenance, or overhaul are exceeded or inspection, maintenance, repair or overhaul procedures are not performed properly. This also applies if replacement parts other than Pfeiffer Vacuum OEM replacement parts are used.



Depending on the process, the required intervals for inspection and maintenance can exceed the typical values specified in the table. Please consult Pfeiffer Vacuum if necessary.

7.2 Cleaning and replacing diaphragm and valves

MVP 040-2

Cleaning and repla-cing the valves

- Turn off the vacuum pump, vent to atmospheric pressure and allow to cool, if necessary.
- Disconnect the drive motor from the mains and secure it so that it cannot be switched on.
- Unscrew the hose connection between the pump stages by loosening the hollow screw with a wrench (size 17).
- → Remove the cheesehead screws 26 (four per membrane head).
- Remove housing cover G with head cover K; prevent the head cover from falling out of the housing cover.
- → Remove head cover K from housing cover G to check valve seals 11.
- Taking care with the position of valve seals 11, remove and check for damage, and replacing if necessary.
- → Check diaphragm pair 10 for damage and replace if necessary.



NOTE

Damage to the valve seals

- Valve seals can be destroyed by gluing to after wrong installation.
- ➔ Pay attention to the fitting position of the inlet and outlet valve seals. The valve flap of the valves may not cover the groove in the head and housing cover K/G.
- → Clean all parts and inspect for wear.
- → Re-assemble pump in reverse order.
- → Check the other membrane head in the same way.

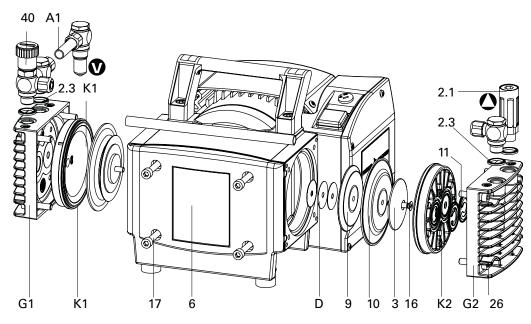


Fig. 7: MVP 040-2

- A1 Vacuum connection with compression coupling in G 1/4"
- D Spacer disks
- G1 Housing cover, inlet side
- Housing cover, outlet side G2

Changing the Diaphragm

- K1 Head cover, inlet side
- K2 Head cover, outlet side
- 2.1 Silencer
- Sealing ring 2.3 3
- Diaphragm spring washer
- 6 Housing panel
- 9 Diaphragm support disk 40
- 10
- Diaphragm pair
- 11 Inlet and outlet valve seal
 - Countersink screw
- 17 Countersink screw
- 26 Socket cap screw
- Gas ballast valve

16

- → Dismantle membrane heads as described before.
- → Remove screw 16; this screw has been stuck to make secure against loosening.



NOTE

- Damage to the pump and reduced final vacuum!
- A changed dead centre (TDC) leads in the most unfavorable case to a bearing damage.
- → Check for washers D under diaphragm support washer.
- → Make sure that the original number is reassembled at the individual membrane head.
- → Dismantle diaphragm spring washer 3, diaphragm pair 10 and diaphragm support washer 9.
 - If it is difficult to separate the old diaphragm from support washer 9, apply e.g. alcohol or petroleum ether.

Assembly

- \rightarrow When existing, re-fit spacers D under the diaphragm support washer 9.
- → Put two single diaphragms with their rough side together so that the labelled side of the two diaphragms are readable.
- → Arrange diaphragm support washer 9, diaphragm pair 10 and diaphragm spring washer 3 onto screw 16.
- → Place some threadlocker (low strength) under the head of screw 16 and screw in con-rod.
- → Refit head cover, valve seals and housing cover in reverse order, taking care with the position of valve seals 11.

➔ First gently and then firmly tighten diagonally-offset cheesehead screws26; torque: 12 Nm.



Dissimilar valves!

Pump not achieving the specified end pressure

→ Make sure the valves have the correct mounting orientation; the outlet valve in head cover K1 and the inlet valve in head cover K2 are from PTFE (white). The two other valves are from FPM (brown).

NOTE

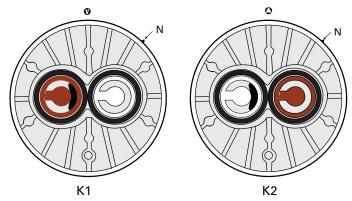


Fig. 8: Position of the valve seals 11 in the head covers K1/K2

MVP 070-3

Cleaning and repla-cing the valves

- Turn off the vacuum pump, vent to atmospheric pressure and allow to cool, if necessary.
- Disconnect the drive motor from the mains and secure it so that it cannot be switched on.
- → Mount pump to the side, provide suitable support as necessary.
- → Remove the cheesehead screws 26 (four per membrane head).
- → Remove housing cover G with head cover K; prevent the head cover from falling out of the housing cover.
- → Remove head cover K from housing cover G to check valve seals 11.
- → Taking care with the position of valve seals 11, remove and check for damage, and replacing if necessary.
- → Check diaphragm pair 10 for damage and replace if necessary.
- → Replace the two O-rings 12 enclosing the valve seat.
- → Clean all parts and inspect for wear.
- → Re-assemble pump in reverse order.
- \rightarrow Follow the same procedure for the other diaphragm heads.

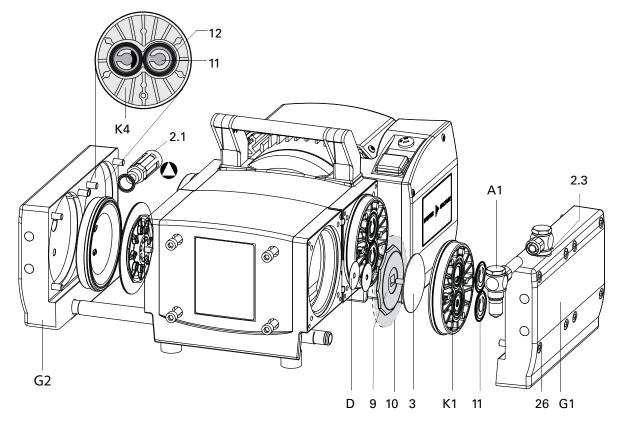


Fig. 9: MVP 070-3

- G1 Housing cover 1
- G2 Housing cover 2
- K4 Head cover membrane head 4 9
- 2.1 Silencer
- 2.3 Seal ring

3 Diaphragm spring washer9 Diaphragm support

- washer 10 Diaphragm pair
 - Diapinagin pan
- Inlet and outlet valve seal (standard) O-ring

11

12

26 Cheesehead screw

Changing the Diaphragm

Attach the diaphragm key



Y → Carefully raise the diaphragm at the side without causing it any damage; do not use sharp-edged tools.

- → Slide diaphragm key under the diaphragm until it reaches the support disk.
- ➔ Use the diaphragm key to loosen the diaphragm support disk and unscrew together with diaphragm and diaphragm spring washer.
- → If the old diaphragm pair is difficult to separate from the diaphragm support disk 9, loosen in alcohol or petroleum.

Assembly

- → Assembling is carried out in reverse order.
- → Put two single diaphragms with their rough side together so that the labelled side of the two diaphragms are readable.
- → Position new diaphragm pair 10 between diaphragm spring washer 3 with square head screw and diaphragm support washer 9; make sure that the square head screw of the diaphragm clamping disc is correctly seated in the guide hole of the diaphragm support disc.



NOTE

Damage to the pump and reduced final vacuum!

A changed dead centre (TDC) leads in the most unfavorable case to a bearing damage.

- → Check for washers D under diaphragm support washer.
- ➔ Make sure that the original number is reassembled at the individual membrane head.

Installing the diaphragm



- Raise the diaphragm at the side and carefully slide the diaphragm key through to the diaphragm support disk.
- → Screw diaphragm spring washer, diaphragm, diaphragm support washer and spacers (if applicable) to connecting rod; optimum torque: 6 Nm.
 - It is recommended to use a torque key, attach hex key to diaphragm key (hexagonal bolt 6 mm wide).
- → Bring the diaphragms into a position in which they are in contact with the housing and centred with respect to the bore.
- → Mount head cover; ensure correct orientation:
 - Align the nose (N) with the notch in the housing cover.
- ➔ Insert the valve seals and O-rings into their respective positions; ensure the valves are correctly aligned.
- ➔ Mount housing cover; insert the connecting pipe for the two housing covers on the housing cover;
 - ensure the sealing rings are correctly positioned in the pipe grooves; replace O-rings as necessary.
- ➔ Refit head cover, valve seals and housing cover in reverse order, taking care with the position of valve seals 11.
- → First gently and then firmly tighten diagonally-offset cheesehead screws26; torque: 12 Nm.

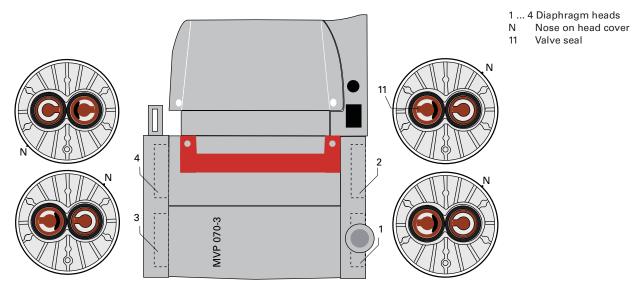


Fig. 10: Positions required for installing the valve seals 11

MVP 070-3C Cleaning and repla-cing the valves

Service the pump heads of only one pump side at the same time.

- → Turn off the vacuum pump, vent to atmospheric pressure and allow to cool, if necessary.
- → Disconnect the drive motor from the mains and secure it so that it cannot be switched on.
- → Open the hinged cover of the connection fastener 17.
- → Loosen the fillister head screw with a Torx screw driver TX20; do not detach the screw completely.
- → Use a TX20 torx screwdriver to undo the 4 screws on the head cover hood; pay attention to the spring washers beneath the screws.
- → Pull head cover hood forward and remove.
- → Carefully move the diaphragm pump into a lateral position so that the pump heads to be serviced are pointing upwards; support the pump below the motor as necessary.

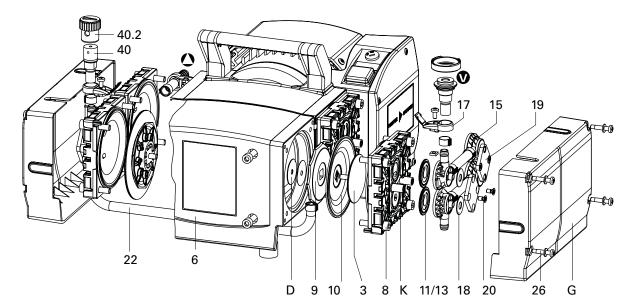


Fig. 11: MVP 070-3C

- D Spacers
- G Head cover hood
- К Head cover
- 3 Diaphragm spring washer
- 6 Housing panel
- 9 Diaphragm support washer
- O-ring 13 15 Valve head

seal II

11

18

17 Connection holder with hinged cover

Inlet and outlet valve

22 Connecting hose Fillister head screw 26

Clamping claw

Countersunk screw

19

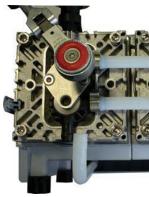
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- 40 Gas ballast valve
- 40.2 Rubber cap for pos. 40

- 10 Diaphragm (individual part)
- Disc spring \rightarrow Loosen U-hose connection (hose connection to the opposite side of the pump);
 - do this by levering out the hose clamp with a flat-blade screwdriver and removing the hose.



Loosen clamping claws on the valve heads



Using a TX20 torx screwdriver, undo two countersunk screws on each side and remove the clamping claws;

- the head covers remain assembled.

- → Completely remove valve heads together with disc springs, where applicable with connecting hose, hose clips and connection holders;
 - ensure the valves are correctly seated.
- → Check valves and O-rings for damage and contamination; clean or replace parts as necessary.

Assembly

→ Insert valves and O-rings; ensure valves are correctly seated.



Fig. 12: Valve orientation

- Inlet side (IN):
 - Identified by the designation "**IN**" next to the valve seat. The valve flap is pointing towards the pocket in the valve seat.
- Outlet side (EX):
 - Identified by the designation "EX" next to the valve seat. The valve has the same orientation as the inlet valve.
- → Install valve heads together with disc springs; mount disc springs with curvature uppermost.
- → Centre valve head on the valve seat; valve head must lie flat inside the valve seat nose.
- Thread the square nut of the connection holder into the groove on the head cover and attach the screw.
- → Mount the clamping claws.
- → Gently insert the countersunk screws; correct their alignment on the valve heads as necessary.
- → Tighten countersunk screws using a TX20 torx screwdriver, torque: **3 Nm**.

Changing the Diaphragm

Attach the diaphragm key



\rightarrow Loosen U-hose connection (hose connection to the opposite side of the pump);

- do this by levering out the hose clamp with a flat-blade screwdriver and removing the hose.
- → Undo 4 cylinder screws from the two head covers K and remove both head covers together with the valve heads and connections.
- → Carefully raise the diaphragm at the side without causing it any damage; do not use sharp-edged tools.
- → Slide diaphragm key under the diaphragm until it reaches the support disk.
- → Use the diaphragm key to loosen the diaphragm support disk and unscrew together with diaphragm and diaphragm spring washer.
- → If the old diaphragm pair is difficult to separate from the diaphragm support disk 9, loosen in alcohol or petroleum.



NOTE

Damage to the pump and reduced final vacuum!

A changed dead centre (TDC) leads in the most unfavorable case to a bearing damage.

- → Check for washers D under diaphragm support washer.
- Make sure that the original number is reassembled at the individual membrane head.

Installing the diaphragm



- → Assembling is carried out in reverse order. → Position new diaphragm 10 between diaphragm spring washer 3 with square head screw and diaphragm support washer 9; make sure that the square head
 - screw is correctly seated in the guide hole of the diaphragm support disc.
- Position diaphragm with pale side towards diaphragm spring washer.
- → Raise the diaphragm at the side and carefully slide the diaphragm key through to the diaphragm support disk.
- → Screw diaphragm spring washer, diaphragm, diaphragm support washer and spacers (if applicable) to connecting rod; optimum torque: 6 Nm.
 - It is recommended to use a torque key, attach hex key to diaphragm key (hexagonal bolt 6 mm wide).
- → Bring the diaphragms into a position in which they are in contact with the housing and centred with respect to the bore.
- → Put on head cover with valve heads and connections.
- → Screw in the socket head screws diagonally first slightly with a hex key size 5; maximum torque: 12 Nm.
- → Mount the U-hose and hose clamp; close the hose clamp with dimensioning tool.
- → Install head cover hood and tighten screws using TX20 torx screwdriver.
- → Tighten countersunk screws of connection holder using TX20 torx screwdriver.
- → Close film hinge on the connection holder.

7.3 Replacing the device fuses

The safety fuses (PU E22 016 -T) are located in the terminal box and are integrated into a cable.



WARNING

Voltage-bearing elements

Danger to life from electric shock.

- → The fuses can be changed only by trained and authorised electricians.
- → Before opening the terminal box, switch off the pump and pull the power plug.

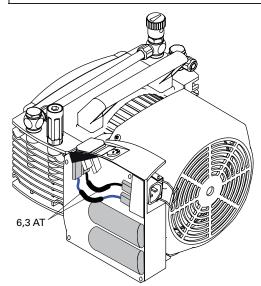


Fig. 13: Replacing the fuses

- ➔ Disconnect the drive motor from the mains and secure it so that it cannot be switched on.
- → Wait for two minutes until the capacitors have discharged.
- → Establish the cause of the fault and rectify before restarting.
- → Open the terminal box lid.
- → Remove the entire cable with integrated fuse from the flat pin bushing and replace.
- → Remount the terminal box lid.

8 Decommissioning

8.1 Shutting down for longer periods

Before shutting down the pump, observe the following procedure and adequately protect the pump system against corrosion:

- Shortly after condensate has formed:
 → Let the vacuum pump continue to run for several minutes with the intake port open.
 → Should media get into the pump which could corrode the pump materials or form deposits, clean and check the diaphragm heads.
 In the long term:
 → Carry out the measures described for brief shutdowns.
 → Disconnect the pump from the equipment.
 - \rightarrow Close the manual gas ballast valve.
 - \rightarrow Close the inlet and outlet opening (e.g. with transport caps).
 - → Store the pump in a dry place.

9 Malfunctions

Please note the following instructions should the pump malfunction:



Hot surface!

CAUTION

Danger of burns if hot parts are touched. The surface temperature of the pump may rise above 105 °C in case of malfunction.

→ Carry out work on the pump only after it has cooled to a safe temperature.

9.1 Rectifying malfunctions

Problem	Possible causes	Remedy	
	No mains voltage or voltage does not correspond to the motor data	Check mains voltage and mains fuse protection; check motor switch	
	Pump temperature too low	Warm up pump to > 12°C	
Pump will not start	Thermal protection switch of the motor has responded	Detect and fix cause of overheating; allow pump to cool off if necessary.	
up	Phase failure	Check fuse	
	Diaphragms or valves dirty	Clean pump <i>(see p. 15, chap. 7)</i>	
	Overpressure in the exhaust lead	Check exhaust lead	
	One of the integrated fuses is defective	Check fuses and replace if necessary	
	Thermal protection switch of the motor has responded	Detect and fix cause of overheating; allow pump to cool off if necessary.	
Pump switches off after a while after being started	Mains fuse protection triggered due to overload (e.g. cold start)	Warm up pump	
	Exhaust pressure too high	Check opening of exhaust line and exhaust accessories	
	Condensate in the pump	Operate pump for a longer period of time at atmospheric pressure; if neces- sary, open the gas ballast valve	
Pump not achieving the end pressure	Gas ballast valve open	Close gas ballast valve	
the end pressure	Valves or diaphragms dirty or defective	Clean or change valves and diaphragms (see p. 15, chap. 7)	
	Leak in the system	Fix leak	
Pumping speed of	Intake line not well-dimensio- ned	Keep connections as short as possible and see that cross-sections are suffi- ciently dimensioned	
pump too low	Exhaust pressure too high	Check opening of exhaust line and exhaust accessories	
	Diaphragms or valves defective	Clean or change valves and diaphragms (see p. 15, chap. 7)	
	Suction chamber dirty	Clean suction chamber	
Unusual noises	Silencer loose or missing	Check silencer; replace if necessary	
during operation	Valves dirty or defective	Clean or change valves and diaphragms (see p. 15, chap. 7)	
	Motor fan defective	Replace motor fan	
	Connection rod or motor bea- ring defective	Contact Pfeiffer Vacuum Service	



NOTE

Service work should be carried out by qualified personal only!

Pfeiffer Vacuum is not liable for any damage to the pump resulting from work carried out improperly.

- ➔ Take advantage of our service training programs; additional information at www.pfeiffer-vacuum.net.
- \rightarrow Please state all the information on the pump rating plate when ordering spare parts.

10 Service

Pfeiffer Vacuum offers first-class service!

- · Maintenance/repairs on the spot by Pfeiffer Vacuum field service
- · Maintenance/repairs in the nearby service center or service point
- Fast replacement with exchange products in mint condition
- Advice on the most cost-efficient and quickest solution

Detailed information and addresses at: www.pfeiffer-vacuum.net (Service).

Maintenance and repairs in the Pfeiffer Vacuum ServiceCenter

The following steps are necessary to ensure a fast, smooth servicing process:

- → Download the forms "Service Request" and "Declaration on Contamination".¹⁾
- ➔ Fill in the "Service Request" form and send it by fax or e-mail to your service address.
- Include the confirmation on the service request from Pfeiffer Vacuum with your shipment.
- → Fill in the contamination declaration and enclose it in the shipment (required!).
- → Dismantle all accessories.
- → Send the pump in its original packaging if at all possible.

Sending of contaminated pumps or devices

No units will be accepted if they are contaminated with micro-biological, explosive or radioactive substances. "Hazardous substances" are substances and compounds in accordance with the hazardous goods directive (current version). If pumps are contaminated or the declaration on contamination is missing, Pfeiffer Vacuum performs decontamination at the shipper's expense.

- → Neutralise the pump by flushing it with nitrogen or dry air.
- → Close all openings airtight.
- → Seal the pump or unit in suitable protective film.
- → Return the pump/unit only in a suitable and sturdy transport container and send it in while following applicable transport conditions.

Service orders

All service orders are carried out exclusively according to our repair conditions for vacuum units and components.

¹⁾ Forms under www.pfeiffer-vacuum.net

11 Spare parts

Spare part pack- age/ Spare parts	Pump type	No.	Pieces	consisting of the parts
	MVP 040-2	PU E22 013 -T	1	10, 11
Set of wearing parts	MVP 070-3	PU E22 014 -T	1	10, 11, 11a, 11b
	MVP 070-3C	PU E22 015 -T	1	10, 11
Silencer	MVP 040-2	– P 0920 412 E –	1	2.1
Shencer	MVP 070-3		1	2.1
Sealing ring	MVP 040-2	P 3529 143-C	1 (von 13)	2.3
Hose connection, complete	MVP 040-2	P 0920 542 E		
Hose, Polyethylene	MVP 040-2	– P 0988 088	988 088 1 m	
10 x 8 mm	MVP 070-3			
Gas ballast valve	MVP 040-2	P 0920 634 E	1	40
Set of fuses	MVP 040-2 MVP 070-3 MVP 070-3C	PU E22 016 -T	2	2 fuses, each 6,3 AT
Diaphragm key	MVP 070-3 MVP 070-3C	PK 050 186	1	

12 Accessories

Designation	MVP 040-2
Mains cable 115 / 230 V without plug, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 3 m	PK 050 111
Mains cable 230 V with safety plug CEE 7, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 2 m	PK 050 109
Mains cable 115 V with UL-plug, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 2 m	PK 050 110
Screw-in flange DN 16 ISO-KF / G1/4" incl. seal (for MVP 040-2, MVP 070-3 inlet/outlet)	PK 050 114-T
Backing pump relay box, single phase 5 A, for TC 110/TCP 350	PM 061 372-T
Backing pump relay box, single phase 5 A, for TC 400/TCP 350	PM 061 374-T
Designation	MVP 070-3
Mains cable 230 V with safety plug CEE 7, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 2 m	PK 050 109
Mains cable 115 V with UL-plug, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 2 m	PK 050 110
Mains cable 115 / 230 V without plug, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 3 m	PK 050 111
Screw-in flange DN 16 ISO-KF / G1/4" incl. seal (for MVP 040-2, MVP 070-3 inlet/outlet)	PK 050 114-T
Backing pump relay box, single phase 5 A, for TC 110/TCP 350	PM 061 372-T
Backing pump relay box, single phase 5 A, for TC 400/TCP 350	PM 061 374-T
Designation	MVP 070-3 C
Mains cable 115 / 230 V without plug, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 3 m	PK 050 111
Mains cable 115 V with UL-plug, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 2 m	PK 050 110
Mains cable 230 V with safety plug CEE 7, right angle IEC 320/C13 socket, 2 m	PK 050 109
Backing pump relay box, single phase 5 A, for TC 110/TCP 350	PM 061 372-T
Backing pump relay box, single phase 5 A, for TC	PM 061 374-T

Further detailed accessories are contained in the Pfeiffer Vacuum printed or Online Catalogue.

13 Technical data

MVP 040-2

Parameter	MVP 040-2, Diaphragm pump
Flange (in)	G 1/4" elbow union with enclosed hose 10/8, 1000 mm with an elbow union in G 1/4" at the end
Flange (out)	G 1/4" + silencer
Nominal pumping speed at 50 Hz	2.3 m ³ /h
Nominal pumping speed at 60 Hz	2.5 m ³ /h
Ultimate pressure with gas ballast	≤ 5 mbar
Ultimate pressure without gas ballast	≤ 4 mbar
Exhaust pressure max.	1100 mbar
Leak rate	1·10 ⁻² mbar l/s
Sound pressure level	51 (50Hz) 53 (60Hz) dB (A)
Ambient temperature	12-40 °C
Motor rating	180 W
Rotation speed at 50 Hz	1500 1/min
Rotation speed at 60 Hz	1800 1/min
Mains requirement: voltage (selectable)	100-115 V (+/- 10%) 50/60 Hz, 120 V (+/- 10%) 60 Hz, 200-230 V (+/- 10%) 50/60 Hz
Current consumption	100-115 V 50/60 Hz 3,4 A 120 V 60 Hz 3,4 A 200-230 V 50/60 Hz 1,8 A
Switch	Yes
Weight	11.4 kg

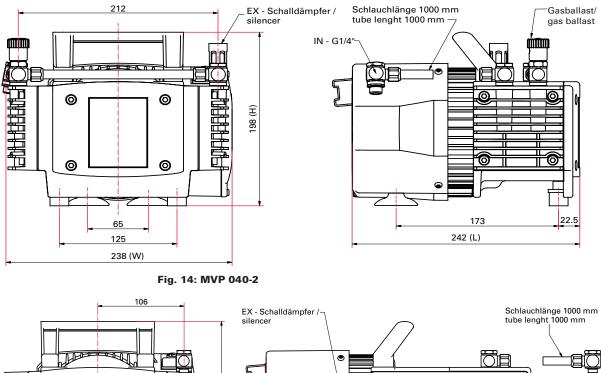
MVP 070-3/-3C

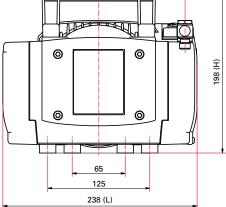
Parameter	MVP 070-3,	MVP 070-3 C,	
	Diaphragm pump	Diaphragm pump	
Flange (in)	G 1/4" elbow union + enc- losed hose 10/8, 1000 mm with a elbow union in G 1/4" at the end	For DN 16 ISO-KF	
Flange (out)	G 1/4" + silencer	Hose wave 10 mm	
Nominal pumping speed at 50 Hz	3.8 m ³ /h	3.4 m ³ /h	
Nominal pumping speed at 60 Hz	4.3 m ³ /h	3.8 m ³ /h	
Ultimate pressure with gas ballast	-	≤ 3 mbar	
Ultimate pressure without gas ballast	≤ 1 mbar	≤ 1.5 mbar	
Exhaust pressure max.	1100 mbar	1100 mbar	
Leak rate	1·10 ⁻² mbar l/s	1·10 ⁻² mbar l/s	
Sound pressure level	52 (50 Hz); 55 (60 Hz) dB (A)	45 (50 Hz); 50 (60 Hz) dB (A)	
Ambient temperature	12-40 °C	12-40 °C	
Motor rating	250 W	250 W	
Rotation speed at 50 Hz	1500 1/min	1500 1/min	
Rotation speed at 60 Hz	1800 1/min	1800 1/min	
Mains requirement: voltage (selec- table)	100-115 V (+/- 10 %) 50/60 Hz ; 120 V (+/- 10 %) 60 Hz ; 200-230 V (+/- 10 %) 50/60 Hz	100-115 V (+/- 10 %), 50/60 Hz ; 120 V (+/- 10 %) , 60 Hz ; 200-230 V (+/- 10 %) , 50/60 Hz	
Current consumption	100-115 V 50/60 Hz 5,7 A 120 V 60 Hz 5,7 A 200-230 V 50/60 Hz, 3,0 A	100-115 V 50/60 Hz 5,7 A 120 V 60 Hz 5,7 A 200-230 V 50/60 Hz 3,0 A	
Switch	Yes	Yes	
Weight	16.4 kg	14.3 kg	

13.1 Substances in contact with the media

MVP 040-2, MVP 070-3	MVP 070-3C
Aluminium, FPM, PE	PTFE (carbon fibre reinforced), ETFE-CF, FFKM, ECTFE-CF

13.2 Dimensions





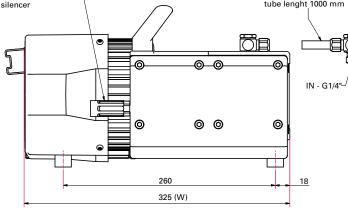
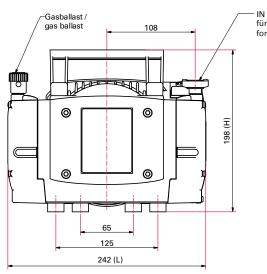


Fig. 15: MVP 070-3



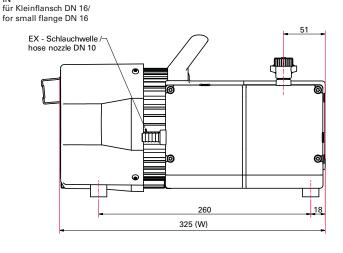
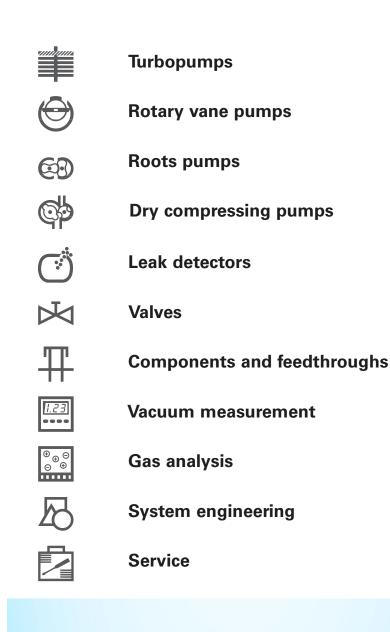


Fig. 16: MVP 070-3C

	Declaration of confo	-
	according to the EC directive:	
	Machinery 2006/42/EC (Annex II, no. 1 A)	
	We hereby declare that the product cited below sat EC directive "Machinery" 2006/42/EC .	isfies all relevant provisions of
	In addition, the product cited below satisfies all rele "Electromagnetic Compatibility" 2004/108/EC .	vant provisions of EC directive
	The agent responsible for compiling the technical d Oberbeck, Pfeiffer Vacuum GmbH, Berliner Straße	
	MVP 040-2, MVP 070-3/3C	
	Guidelines, harmonised standards and national st which have been applied:	andards and specifications
	DIN EN ISO 12100-2 : 2004 DIN EN 61010-1 : 2002 DIN EN 1012-2 : 1996	DIN EN 61326-1 : 2006
Signatures:	_ M. Lieme	Pfeiffer Vacuum GmbH Berliner Straße 43 35614 Asslar Germany
	·	



Vacuum is nothing, but everything to us!



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